SIGNS THAT YOUR CHILD MAY BE AT RISK

- Your child spends large amounts of time online, especially at night.
- You find pornography on your child's computer.
- Your child turns the computer monitor off quickly or changes the screen on the monitor when you come into the room.
- Your child receives mail, gifts, packages, or phone calls from people that you do not know, or your child is making phone calls, sometimes long distance, to numbers that you do not recognize.
- Your child is using an online account that belongs to someone else.
- Your child becomes withdrawn from the family.

Internet Safety Tips for Parents



Office of Plymouth County
District Attorney

Timothy J. Cruz

32 Belmont Street Brockton, MA 02301

Phone: 508-584-8120 Fax: 508-586-3578

www.mass.gov/da/plymouth

INTERNET SAFETY TIPS

FOR PARENTS



Timothy J. Cruz

District Attorney Plymouth County www.mass.gov/da/plymouth

A Message from the District Attorney

As parents, we need to be extra vigilant and caring when it comes to the welfare of our children.

The Internet was designed to provide access to useful information and resources in the comfort of our own homes. Unfortunately, it also provides potential dangers, which parents are not always aware of. It enables sexual predators into our homes to commit a new high tech crime called "Internet Luring".

In recent years, the criminal justice community has begun to gather statistics on this new crime. A study conducted for the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children revealed that one in seven children have been contacted sexually over the Internet. Three percent of the child respondents had been solicited aggressively with offers of travel, money or gifts. Three-quarters of these respondents did not tell their parents for fear that they would lose their Internet privileges.

"Internet Luring" is a difficult crime for police to solve. It appears that the child may have run away. Often there is little physical evidence left at the scene, and few, if any witnesses.

The law enforcement and legal community have come to realize that we alone cannot protect our children. We need your help. This brochure will provide information to assist you in monitoring your child's online activity.

Sincerely,

952 ang

Timothy J. Cruz, Plymouth County District Attorney

Talk to Your Kids

- Be an involved Parent. Let your children know that they can talk to you about anything online that makes them feel uncomfortable. Remember, how you respond will determine whether they confide in you the next time they encounter a problem.
- Tell your children not to respond when someone offers them something for nothing, such as free software, gifts and money. Tell them to never give out any information about themselves or their family.
- Remind your children that the people they chat with are still strangers and to bear in mind that people may not be who they seem. It is easy for an adult to pretend he/she is a kid.

Set Rules

- Set reasonable rules and guidelines for your children before they venture out on the Internet. Discuss these rules and post them near the computer as a reminder.
- Work together to decide what is and is not appropriate. Try to enlist the children's cooperation and self-regulation wherever possible. Tell your child to never respond to threatening or obscene messages.
- Discuss software and web sites with your children. Also read the "Video Game Report Card: on the National Insitute on Media and the Family's Web site: http://www.mediaandthefamily.org
- Make Internet use a family activity. Consider keeping the computer in the family room rather than the child's bedroom. Monitor your child's online activity just as you would the shows that they watch on T.V. or the games they play, or the movies they see.

Never

- Never allow your child to arrange a face-to- face meeting with another person without parental permission. If a meeting is arranged, please be sure to accompany your child.
- Never use your child's name or e-mail address in any public directories or profiles. Especially school directories.
- Never click on links that are contained in e-mails from persons they do not know. Such links could lead to sexually explicit or otherwise inappropriate web sites.
- Never post photographs of your child on web forums that are available to the public.

What Can You Do?

- Getting online yourself will alert you to any potential problem that your children may incur while on the Internet.
- If you become aware of the transmission, use or viewing of child pornography while online, immediately notify the police, contact the District Attorney's Office or report it to the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children's CyberTipline at 1-800-843-5678 or the website www.missingkids.com/cybertip.
- Ask your Internet Service Provider (ISP) whether they offer filtering services to families with young children. If not check out filtering software that you can purchase for a modest cost.
- Ask your ISP about their privacy policy and exercise your options for how your personal information will be used.
- If your child receives a message that is Harassing, threatening or of a sexual nature, forward a copy to your ISP and ask for assistance; Also contact your local police or District Attorney's Office.